5.6 Programming B – Selection in quizzes – Knowledge Organiser

Key prior learning is highlighted in green, but must be revisited and reinforced during this teaching sequence.

Overview

Quizzes in Scratch

Programming is when we make a set of instructions for computers to follow.

-<u>Scratch</u> is a program that we can use in order to code our own guizzes, stories, animations and games. We can input questions using the 'ask' command blocks. We can use selections and conditions in order to ensure that there are different outcomes depending upon a user's response.

We use <u>algorithms</u> (a set of instructions to perform a task) to sequence movements, actions and sounds in order to program effective animations.

Attributes: There are three attributes of

the sprite which we can change to make

-Event Blocks: Event blocks are coloured

vellow and are used to sense different

events that happen e.g., the

Action Blocks: Action blocks

include 'Motion' blocks, 'Sound

blocks and 'Looks' blocks. They

sounds and change appearance.

make the sprite move, make

green flag being clicked.

our animation: Code,

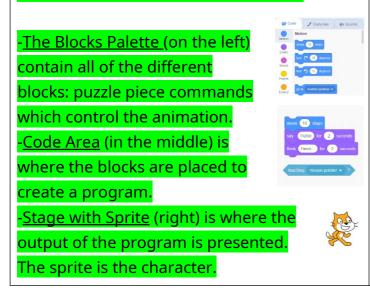
Costumes, Sounds.

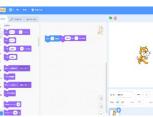
The Basics of Scratch

-What is Scratch? Scratch is a website/ app that lets us code our own guizzes, stories, games and animations.

-Scratch helps us to learn how to use programming language, whilst also being creative and using problem-solving skills.

There are three main areas in Scratch:





Selections and Conditions

-Creating Conditions: The 'If-then' command block helps us to create conditions. It is one of the darker orange control blocks. Other blocks are placed inside the 'If-then' blocks to create conditions.

The 'senses' blocks (light blue) create the 'trigger' (e.g. when a certain key is pressed). We can change the trigger by pressing the downward arrow and selecting from the range of keys/ actions. The 'actions' blocks (e.g. motions, sounds, etc). are then used to program what will happen when the 'senses' command is triggered.

-Different Outcomes: The 'If-then-else' command block helps us to write programs that have selections with two outcomes.

-Actions to be carried out if the condition is 'true' (if the conditions of the 'sense' command are met) are placed below 'then.' Actions to be carried out if the condition is 'false' (e.g. if any other key is pressed) go below 'else.'

Asking Questions -Questions can be included by using the 'ask' command blocks.

-If specific answers are needed (e.g. yes or no),

these can be typed in when using the 'answer' sensing block within the = 'Operators' block - drag it

into the first white space. In the second white space, we can then type in the desired answer.

say correct! for 2 seconds

-The 'say' command block (in looks) is used to inform the user if the response was correct.

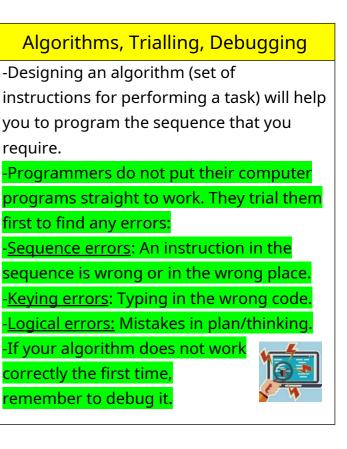


Code Costumes () Sounds

n 📄 click

nove 10 step





Selection Condition True False Count-Controlled Loop Outcomes Conditional Statement