

Key Vocabulary

Y3 Spanish: Autumn Term

Numbers 0 to 10 - Números del 0 al 10



Sí



un/una
a

Key Phrases

- Buenos días (name).**
Good morning (name).
- Buenos días.**
- ¿Que tal?**
How are you?
- Muy bien, gracias.**
- Very well, thank you.**
- Adiós.**
- Adiós.**

¡Silencio!
Silence!



escuchad
listen

mirad
look

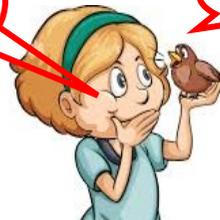


sentaos
sit down

levantaos
stand up

Repetid
Repeat

Repetid



Buenos días
Good morning

Hola
Hello

¿Que tal?
How are you?

Gracias
Thank you

Adiós
Goodbye

Muy bien
Very well

Bien
Well

Regular
So so

Mal
Poorly/not good



venid aquí



Key Knowledge

- I can imitate and pronounce sounds accurately.
- I recognise sounds when they are shown to me in written form.
- I recognise questions and know that they begin with an upside-down question mark in Spanish.
- I am beginning to notice accents and understand that they affect pronunciation.
- I can hear the difference between un/una.
- I know how Christmas is celebrated in Spain.



Christmas in Spain



In Spain, Christmas celebrations begin from the 8 December. This date is a celebration in honour of the Virgin Mary. There are processions with music and singing. It is a national holiday.



This painting of Mary is by the Spanish artist, Murillo (1617 - 1682). It is kept in a museum in **Madrid**, the capital city of Spain.

Feliz Navidad
Merry Christmas



'Tío de Nadal' - the Christmas log.

Most families eat their main Christmas meal on Christmas Eve before the midnight service. The traditional Spanish Christmas dinner might be Turkey stuffed with truffle mushrooms...



... or seafood.



December 28th - 'Day of the Innocent Saints'
- like April Fool's Day.



New Year's Eve - 'Nochevieja' - people eat 12 grapes with each of the 12 strokes of the clock at midnight to bring good luck for the coming year.



January 5th - children have some presents on Christmas Day, but most are opened. Children believe the Kings bring presents and leave shoes out for the Kings to fill.

